

The Thin Green Line: Transboundary Pollution Problems in Coupled Lake Systems

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2nd Workshop Game Theory in Energy, Resources and the
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- ▶ The Game
- ▶ Non Cooperative Solution
- ▶ Dynamic Programming
- ▶ Numerical Results
- ▶ Stochastic Elements & Droughts

The Single Lake Game

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- ▶ Player's benefits are a function of his/her own loading

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$$y_{t+1} = b_y y_t + \frac{y_t^2}{1 + y_t^2} + \sum_i a_{i,t} + \mu x_t$$

Weighted Social Welfare Criteria

► The Planner's Problem

$$\max_{\{a_{i,t}\}} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t \left(W_1(a_{1,t}, \dots, a_{n,t}, x_t) - \lambda W_2(a_{1,t}, \dots, a_{m,t}, y_t) \right)$$

$$x_{t+1} = bx_t + \frac{x_t^2}{1 + x_t^2} + \sum_i a_{i,t}$$

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Objectives and the Game Potential

- ▶ Each upper lake player solves

$$\max_{\{a_{i,t}\}} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t \left(u_i(a_{i,t}) - k_i c(x_t) \right)$$

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- ▶ Potential function

$$\max_{\{a_{1,t} \dots a_{n,t}\}} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t \left(\sum_i u_i(a_{i,t}) / k_i - c(x_t) \right)$$

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- ▶ Lower lake very sensitive to μ













































